FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Ossining, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ossining, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ossining, New York as of December 31, 2010 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Water funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 16, 2011 on our consideration of the Village of Ossining, New York's internal controls over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins, LLP

May 16, 2011

Village of Ossining, New York Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) December 31, 2010

Introduction

As management of the Village of Ossining, New York ("Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the Village's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- ❖ On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$62,339,064. Of this amount, the unrestricted portion is a deficit of \$1,563,469. This deficit resulted primarily from the accrual of certain operating liabilities pursuant to Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, which will be satisfied in future years, including compensated absences and the accrual of the Village's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45.
- ❖ The Village's total net assets decreased by \$5,166,401 in 2010, from \$67,505,465 as of December 31, 2009. The total decrease in net assets resulted primarily from the increase in the accrual of OPEB obligations, which increased by \$3,830,000 in 2010.
- ❖ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,213,169, of which \$11,095,435 was unreserved and available for spending at the Village's discretion. The combined ending fund balances of \$14,213,169 at December 31, 2010 was \$3,478,554 more than the amount reported in the prior year (\$10,734,615).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,827,181, or 21.6% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- ❖ During the current fiscal year, the Village issued new serial bonds of \$5,945,000 to finance capital projects and vehicles (of \$2,123,250), and to provide permanent financing for capital projects (of \$3,131,750) and for tax certiorari claims (of \$690,000) previously funded through the issuance of short-term obligations (bond anticipation notes (BAN's)). In 2010, the Village retired \$2,305,000 of general obligation debt from budgetary appropriations.
- ❖ As of December 31, 2010, the Village had an outstanding bond anticipation note liability of \$1,509,000, which was comprised of \$1,145,000 for authorized capital

projects in 2010, plus \$364,000 for prior year capital project BAN's. During 2010, the Village had retired \$395,250 of BAN's from budgetary appropriations, and converted \$3,821,750 of prior year BAN's to permanent financing through the issuance of serial bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave and other post-employment benefit obligations ("OPEB")).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services, and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and means by which spending activities are controlled. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains seven individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Debt Service Fund, Section 8 Housing Fund, Special Purpose Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Water, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. These funds are considered to be major funds. The Sewer, Section 8 Housing and Special Purpose Funds are not considered major funds and are combined into a single aggregate presentation.

The Village adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Debt Service Fund and Section 8 Housing Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General and Water Funds within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. In the Capital Projects Fund, budgets are established on an individual project basis.

Proprietary Funds

The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund. These internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. The Village uses internal service funds to account for its liability insurance coverage (the General Liability Claims Fund), and its self-insured workers' compensation benefits (the Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund). These services have been classified as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental funds.

Both internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund schedules and statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs. The Village maintains only one type of fiduciary fund that is known as an agency fund. The Village holds resources in this fund purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization or government.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements and include schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$62,339,064 at the close of the 2010 fiscal year, a decrease of \$5,166,401 from the prior fiscal year. The largest portion of the Village's net assets (91.6%) was its investment in capital assets (land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets, \$57,117,064. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the debt.

Net Assets December 31,

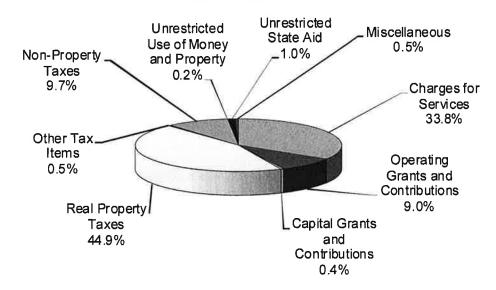
	2010	2009
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
Current Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 21,129,736 81,377,499	\$ 20,137,672 82,541,292
Total Assets	102,507,235	102,678,964
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	7,368,113 32,800,058	10,190,822 24,982,677
Total Liabilities	40,168,171	35, 173,499
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt	57,117,064	59,935,776
Restricted	6,785,469	6,454,808
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,563,469)	1,114,881
Total Net Assets	\$ 62,339,064	\$ 67,505,465

A portion of the Village's net assets at December 31, 2010, \$6,785,469 (10.9%), represented resources that were subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, which was a deficit of \$1,563,469 (-2.5% of the total net assets), must be financed from future operations. This deficit does not mean that the Village does not have resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments, including claims payable (\$1,181,140), compensated absences (\$811,549), and other post-employment benefit obligations (\$8,340,000), that are greater than currently available resources. Payments for these liabilities will be budgeted in the year that actual payment will be made. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village was able to report positive net asset balances in the government as a whole, and in the governmental funds.

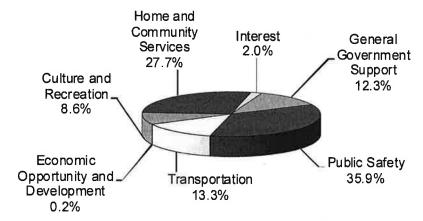
Change in Net Assets Fiscal Year Ended December 31,

	Governmental Activities		
	2010	2009	
Revenues:) 		
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 13,354,572	\$ 12,579,101	
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,569,7 4 6	2,882,885	
Capital Grants and Contributions	160,950	616,324	
General Revenues:			
Real Property Taxes	17,730,652	16,876,012	
Other Tax Items	181,113	138,045	
Non-Property Taxes	3,842,894	3,576,006	
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	66,116	112,592	
Unrestricted State Aid	389,903	442,446	
Miscellaneous	196,899	115,010	
Total Revenues	39,492,845	37,338,421	
Program Expenses:			
General Government Support	5,518,349	5,285,341	
Public Safety	16,034,170	13,615,745	
Health	2,243	-	
Transportation	5,948,935	5,686,181	
Economic Opportunity and Development	71,316	92,080	
Culture and Recreation	3,828,940	2,929,748	
Home and Community Services	12,370,972	12,056,363	
Interest	884,321	981,285	
	(======================================	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Expenses	44,659,246	40,646,743	
Change in Net Assets	(5,166,401)	(3,308,322)	
Net Assets - Beginning	67,505,465	70,813,787	
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 62,339,064	\$ 67,505,465	

Sources of Revenues for 2010 Governmental Activities



Expenses for 2010 Governmental Activities



Governmental Activities

During 2010, governmental activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$5,166,401.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$39,492,845. Tax revenues (\$21,754,659), comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represented the largest revenue source (55.1%). Tax revenues in the prior year totaled \$20,590,063 and also represented 55.1% of total revenues of \$37,338,421.

The largest components of governmental activities' expenses were public safety (35.9%), home and community services (27.7%), and transportation (13.3%). This was similar to last year when the largest components of government activities' expenses were public safety (33.5%), home and community services (29.7%), and transportation (14.0%).

The major changes in 2010 vs. 2009 were as follows:

Revenue

- Real property taxes increased by \$854,640, due primarily to the 5.63% real property tax increase in 2010.
- Charges for services increased by \$775,471. This was mostly attributable to the 6.0% rate increase for metered water sales and 29.0% rate increase for sewer revenues to generate sufficient revenues to finance operations in the Water and Sewer Funds.
- Non-property taxes increased by \$266,888, due to increased sales tax distribution revenues in 2010.

Expenses

- Post-employment health care benefit expenses were recorded in 2010 in the amount of \$3,830,000 (\$2,280,000 in 2009), in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45. This expense was allocated to the following expense functions: public safety \$2,233,632 (\$964,676 in 2009), general government support \$669,963 (\$217,371 in 2009), transportation \$602,593 (\$183,993 in 2009), and all other expense functions \$323,812 (\$913,960 in 2009). The OPEB expense was substantially greater in 2010 than in 2009 due to changes in the insurance premium rates used and actuarial changes in the inflation rate and amortization assumptions. In addition, the methodology for the OPEB expense by function changed from percent of payroll expenditures to insurance census count by department (function) worked. As a result, public safety OPEB expenses were higher in 2010 due to the large number of active and retired police officers in the census count. This change allows for a more accurate reflection of Village expenses by function.
- Depreciation expense for 2010 was recorded in the amount of \$5,262,627, which
 was similar in amount to that of 2009 (\$5,318,738). However, the allocation of
 depreciation expense by function for buildings and building improvements was
 changed in 2010 to allow for a more accurate reflection of expenses attributed to

general government support, public safety, and culture and recreation functions. The depreciation expense was allocated to the following expense functions: general government support \$209,548 (\$950,662 in 2009), public safety \$630,510 (\$470,847 in 2009), transportation \$2,907,855 (\$3,006,187 in 2009), culture and recreation \$580,308 (\$42,342 in 2009), and home and community service \$934,406 (\$848,700 in 2009).

- Public safety expenses increased by \$2,418,425. The largest public safety expenses were for the police department, fire department and safety inspections. Expenses were more in 2010 due primarily to an increase in employee benefit expenses (primarily employer's retirement system contributions) and an increase in post-employment health care benefit expenses.
- Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$899,192, primarily due to postemployment health care benefit expenses and depreciation expense on recreation facilities that were recorded as general government support expenses in 2009.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,213,169, a net increase of \$3,478,554 from the prior year amount of \$10,734,615. Approximately 78.1% (\$11,095,435) of the total ending fund balance constituted unreserved fund balance. Of the unreserved fund balance, \$1,239,819 was designated for subsequent year's expenditures and represented the amount estimated for use in the 2011 budget. The remainder of fund balance, \$3,117,734, was reserved to indicate that it was not available for new spending because it had already been committed for prepaid expenditures (\$493,272), to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$100,783), dedicated to pay for debt service (\$862,395), dedicated for inventories (\$24,198), dedicated for crime control (\$52,489), dedicated for future capital projects (\$286,257), or was restricted in its use under the terms of a trust agreement (\$1,298,340).

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,827,181, representing 89.7% of the total General Fund balance of \$6,498,588. Two useful measures of liquidity are the percentage of unreserved and undesignated fund balance to total expenditures, and total fund balance to total expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund showed a healthy 17.4% unreserved and

undesignated fund balance (\$4,692,466) to total expenditures and other financing uses (\$27,034,316), while total fund balance (\$6,498,588) represented 24.0% of that same amount.

When the fiscal 2010 General Fund budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$694,196 of fund balance (\$500,000 designated from the previous year and \$194,196 of contract and purchase order commitments to be liquidated). The budget was amended during the year resulting in an anticipated use of fund balance of \$1,377,327. Included in this amount was \$690,000 in serial bonds issued to replace a bond anticipation note (BAN) that had been issued in a prior year for tax certiorari claims. For the year, actual results of operations resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$810,801. Revenues and other financing sources were \$27,845,117, which was \$223,482 more than the final budget. The primary revenues that were more than estimated in the modified budget were non-property taxes (by \$337,894) and departmental income (by \$107,978). The primary revenues that were less than estimated in the modified budget were real property taxes (by \$322,730), fines and forfeited bail (by \$92,856) and state aid (primarily mortgage tax revenues, by \$79,046).

Expenditures and other financing uses were \$27,034,316, which was \$1,964,646 less than the final budget. Significant expenditure variances were for general government support (\$582,054), public safety (\$249,735), home and community services (\$118,513), and employee benefits (\$171,536). In addition, because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles, a serial bond issued to replace a BAN resulted in unexpended appropriations of \$690,000 for debt service purposes.

Water Fund - The fund balance of the Water Fund increased by \$992,029 during the year, and totaled \$3,041,843 at December 31, 2010. Of this amount, the unreserved and undesignated portion was \$2,528,525 (\$1,703,767 in 2009). Revenues of \$8,372,575 were \$578,668 more than estimated in the budget. Expenditures of \$7,380,546 were \$514,656 less than budgeted in 2010, much of which was due to cost savings in the pumping, supply and power appropriations lines.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - The fund balance of the Sewer Fund increased by \$164,432 and aggregated \$1,049,395 at December 31, 2010. The portion of fund balance that was unreserved and undesignated at year-end was \$1,027,114 (\$823,882 in 2009). Revenues and other financing sources of \$1,312,383 were \$20,381 less than estimated in the budget, due to estimated billed sewer charges that did not materialize. Fiscal year expenditures and other uses of \$1,147,951 were \$233,499 less than budgeted, due primarily to budgeted personal service expenditures that did not occur.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund ended its fiscal year with a fund balance of \$1,160,687, a decrease of \$404,344 from the prior year. The primary reason for this decrease was the appropriation of fund balance in the 2010 budget. Of the total fund balance at year-end, \$298,292 was appropriated in the 2011 budget.

<u>Section 8 Housing Fund</u> - The Section 8 Housing Fund, which provides Housing Assistance Payments for eligible tenants, ended its fiscal year with a fund balance of \$210,441, a decrease of \$2,862 from the prior year, on revenues and other financing sources of \$3,184,862. Of the total fund balance at year-end, \$41,527 was appropriated in the 2011 budget.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - The fund balance of the Special Purpose Fund increased by \$3,921 during the year, and totaled \$1,298,340 as of December 31, 2010.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund ended its fiscal year with a fund balance of \$953,875 from a fund deficit of \$960,702 at December 31, 2009 (prior year). The primary reason for the increase was the issuance of serial bonds in 2010 as revenues to replace bond anticipation notes (BAN's) that had been recorded as a fund liability at December 31, 2009.

Proprietary Funds

The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail.

Total net assets of the Internal Service Funds at year end were \$595,419 (was \$448,139 in the prior year). Total assets were \$1,662,807, and total liabilities were \$1,067,388 at year-end. In the Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund, total revenues were \$1,173,512 and operating expenses were \$1,099,404, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$74,108. In the General Liability Claims Fund, total revenues were \$644,104 and operating expenses were \$570,932, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$73,172.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund

For 2010, the difference between the original budget of \$26,752,006 and the final amended budget of \$27,621,635 for General Fund estimated revenues resulted in an increase of \$869,629.

The primary reasons for the revenues budget increase were the appropriation of serial bond proceeds of \$690,000 to redeem a bond anticipation note (BAN) that had been issued in a prior year for payment of tax certiorari claims, and appropriated federal aid grants of \$148,761.

The difference between the appropriations originally budgeted and the final appropriation budget for the General Fund was an increase of \$1,552,760 (\$27,446,202 vs. \$28,998,962). Significant appropriation budget modifications included \$65,008 anticipated for prior year tax certiorari claims, \$454,154 for public safety expenditures (includes police department equipment), \$108,144 for employee benefits, and \$690,000 appropriated serial bond proceeds for payment on a bond anticipation note (BAN) liability.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at December 31, 2010, net of \$119,028,244 of accumulated depreciation, was \$81,377,499. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

Capital Assets December 31,

	2010 Governmental Activities		(2009 Governmental Activities
<u>Asset</u>		***************************************		
Land	\$	2,515,572	\$	2,499,575
Land Improvements		2,274,580		2,274,580
Buildings and Improvements		42,704,247		42,676,556
Infrastructure		137,766,859		135,973,032
Machinery and Equipment		14,664,916		13,432,275
Construction-in-Progress		479,569		448,569
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(119,028,244)		(114,763,295)
Total (Net of Depreciation)	\$	81,377,499	\$	82,541,292

Long-Term Debt /Short-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$24,780,000. As required by New York State law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

During the 2010 fiscal year, the Village issued general obligation bonds of \$5,945,000 to finance two fire apparatus for \$1,445,461, two garbage trucks for \$387,789 (pertains to \$385,000 BAN referred to below), a water filtration improvements capital project for \$290,000, and to provide permanent financing for capital projects (of \$3,131,750) and tax certiorari claims (of \$690,000) previously funded through the issuance of bond anticipation notes (BAN's). During the year, the Village retired \$2,305,000 of general obligation debt from budgetary appropriations.

During the current fiscal year, the Village issued short-term obligations (bond anticipation notes (BAN's)) of \$1,509,000 to finance a streetscape capital project for \$445,000, a water capital project for \$700,000, and to renew prior year capital projects BAN's for \$364,000. The Village retired \$395,250 of short-term debt from budgetary appropriations during the year, and converted \$3,821,750 (excludes garbage truck BAN) into a serial bond in 2010. In addition, the Village issued a BAN in the amount of

\$385,000 for purchase of two garbage trucks, which was rolled over into the serial bond in 2010.

With the issuance of the BAN's and serial bond, Moody's Investors Service assigned an Aa2 credit rating on the bonds and MIG 1 rating on the notes, and affirmed the Aa2 credit rating on all outstanding debt of the Village.

During 2010, the Village issued installment purchase debt of \$138,018 to acquire police vehicles.

Known as the "constitutional debt limit", and pursuant to New York State Local Finance Law, the Village must limit total outstanding long-term debt to no more than 7% of the five-year average full valuation of real property. As of November 2010 when the serial bond was issued, the Village had exhausted 8.48% of its constitutional debt limit, and had the authority to issue an additional \$140,290,804 of general obligation long-term debt.

Additional information on the Village's long-term and short-term debt can be found in Note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Village appropriated \$650,000 of unreserved fund balance for spending in fiscal 2011. The real property tax rate for the 2011 Village General Fund is \$167.3942 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed value, an increase of 5.43% over the prior year tax rate.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Ossining, New York's finances for all those with an interest in those finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Thomas E. Warren, Treasurer, Village of Ossining, 16 Croton Avenue, Ossining, New York 10562.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 15,456,85
Receivables:	***
Taxes, net	441,11
Accounts	3,372,76
State and Federal aid	304,21
Due from other governments	922,07
Prepaid expenses	493,27
Inventories	24,19
Deferred charges	115,23
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Land	2,515,57
Land improvements	665,85
Buildings and improvements	29,670,03
Infrastructure	43,783,68
Machinery and equipment	4,262,77
Construction-in-progress	479,56
	19
Total Assets	102,507,23
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,625,30
Accrued liabilities	1,130,37
Retained percentages	62,83
Unearned revenues	533,39
Bond anticipation notes payable	1,509,00
Accrued interest payable	170,09
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year:	0.445.00
Bonds payable	2,115,00
Installment purchase debt payable	43,09 289,14
Claims payable	80,00
Compensated absences Due in more than one year:	50,00
Bonds payable	22,600,42
Installment purchase debt payable	45,94
Claims payable	892,00
Compensated absences	731,54
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	8,340,00
Total Liabilities	40,168,17
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	57,117,06
Restricted for:	37,117,00
Crime control	52,48
Future capital projects	286,25
Capital projects	525,07
Debt service	1,160,68
Workers' compensation benefits	312,06
General liability claims	283,35
Special Revenue Funds:	
Water	1,858,58
Sewer	847,17
Section 8 Housing	161,44
Special Purpose	1,298,34
Unrestricted	(1,563,46
Total Net Assets	\$ 62,339,00



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

			Program Revenues				N	let (Expense)		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Capital Frants and Entributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental activities:										// aaa =aa\
General government support	\$	5,518,349	\$	800,822	\$	83,819	\$	· ·	\$	(4,633,708)
Public safety		16,034,170		1,152,405		134,341		36		(14,747,424)
Health		2,243		2		7 4 7				(2,243)
Transportation Economic opportunity		5,948,935		511,876		•		138,714		(5,298,345)
and development		71,316		25 8				7 5		(71,316)
Culture and recreation Home and community		3,828,940		957,917		9,824		=		(2,861,199)
services		12,370,972		9,931,552		3,341,762		540		902,882
Interest		884,321		-				21,696		(862,625)
		=======================================					9.		3	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	44,659,246	\$	13,354,572	\$	3,569,746	\$	160,950		(27,573,978)
	_		_				ß		-	
	_									
		neral Revenues								47 700 050
		Real property to		3						17,730,652
		Other tax items								00.055
		Payments in								33,055
				alties on real pr	oper	ty taxes				148,058
		Non-property ta								204.000
		Utilities gross		eipts taxes						284,326
		Franchise fee			_					396,346
				distribution fro						3,162,222
		Unrestricted us		- ·	•	-				66,116
		Sale of propert			n fo	r loss				104,367
		Unrestricted St	ate a	aid						389,903
		Miscellaneous								92,532
		Total Genera	l Re	venues					_	22,407,577
		Change in Ne	et As	ssets						(5,166,401)
	Ne	t Assets - Begi	nnin	g						67,505,465
	Ne	et Assets - Endi	ng						\$	62,339,064

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

400570		General	3	Water		Debt Service
ASSETS Cash and Equivalents	<u>.</u>	7,174,996	<u>\$</u>	631,229	\$	1,165,288
Taxes Receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes	Ę	441,111	_		_	
Other Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments		175,356 173,564 914,502 1,263,422		2,844,762 13,349 7,577 2,865,688		
Prepaid Expenditures	3-	422,733		48,163		7 =
Inventories	" .	24,198			-	
Total Assets	\$	9,326,460	\$	3,545,080	\$	1,165,288
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Retained percentages Deferred revenues - Taxes Deferred revenues - Other Bond anticipation notes payable Accrued interest payable	\$	1,072,096 961,170 - 349,393 445,213	\$	342,692 155,585 - - 4,960 - -	\$	- - - - - 4,601
Total Liabilities Fund Balances: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for crime control Reserved for trusts Reserved for future capital projects Reserved for inventories Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund		2,827,872 422,733 52,489 91,759 24,198 80,228 5,827,181	_	503,237 48,163 - 194,498 - 15,677 2,783,505		4,001 - - - 862,395 - - 298,292
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u> </u>	6,498,588 9,326,460	-	3,041,843 3,545,080		1,160,687 1,165,288
Total Elabilities and Falla Balances	<u> </u>	0,020,100	<u></u>	2,0.0,000	Ť	.,,

	apital ojects	G	Other Governmental Go Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$ 2	,542,170	\$	2,280,368	\$	13,794,051
e		2			441,111
	112,794 -		352,649 4,510		3,372,767 304,217 922,079
	112,794		357,159		4,599,063
			22,376	:	493,272
	= =		<u> </u>	85	24,198
\$ 2	,654,964	\$	2,659,903	\$	19,351,695
\$	77,031 -	\$	57,098 13,624	\$	1,548,917 1,130,379
	62,837		Ē		62,837
	52,221		31,005		349,393 533,399
1	,509,000		=0		1,509,000
1	701 000	_	101 727	-	4,601 5 138 526
	,701,089		101,727		5,138,526
			22,376		493,272
	**.0		4 200 240		52,489
	= : = :		1,298,340		1,298,340 286,257
	-		(24,198
	-		4 070		862,395 100,783
	-		4,878		100,703
			4 000 500		5,827,181
			1,232,582		4,016,087 298,292
	953,875				953,875
	953,875		2,558,176		14,213,169
\$ 2	,654,964	\$	2,659,903	\$	19,351,695



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	14,213,169
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	×	81,377,499
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes	1	349,393
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Deferred charges	_	115,234
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance in the governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		595,419
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(165,493)
Bonds payable		(24,715,426)
Installment purchase debt payable		(89,042)
Claims payable		(190,140)
Compensated absences		(811,549)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		(8,340,000)
		(34,311,650)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	62,339,064

			Debt
	General	Water	Service
REVENUES		' =	
Real property taxes	\$ 17,593,047	\$ -	\$
Other tax items	181,113	-	5 4 9
Non-property taxes	3,842,894	0 227 474	·
Departmental income	1,597,428 1,135,208	8,337,174	-
Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property	303,892	1,794	21,696
Licenses and permits	266,685	1,704	21,000
Fines and forfeitures	658,144	-	
Sale of property and	,		
compensation for loss	104,367	₩ 0	> €
State aid	426,150	984	5 4 1
Federal aid	224,836	10,881	:=:
Miscellaneous	119,288	21,742	
Total Revenues	26,453,052	8,372,575	21,696
EXPENDITURES			
Current:		200 200	
General government support	3,296,499	332,822	-
Public safety	9,018,441		
Health	2,243 1,922,020	票. 35.	· ·
Transportation Economic opportunity and development	63,814		
Culture and recreation	2,284,730		
Home and community services	1,726,427	4,252,334	
Employee benefits	6,953,259	811,890	
Debt service:	-,,	,	
Principal	48,976	S#6	2,305,000
Interest	9,934	16,819	854,248
Capital outlay		-	: <u>*</u>
Total Expenditures	25,326,343	5,413,865	3,159,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	1,126,709	2,958,710	(3,137,552)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bonds issued	690,000		2
Installment purchase debt issued		-	24
Transfers in	702,065		3,250,078
Transfers out	(1,707,973)	(1,966,681)	(516,870)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(315,908)	(1,966,681)	2,733,208
Net Change in Fund Balances	810,801	992,029	(404,344)
Fund Balances (Deficits) -			
Beginning of Year	5,687,787	2,049,814	1,565,031_
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 6,498,588	\$ 3,041,843	\$ 1,160,687
· una maigripos mila el 1991			

Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ - - 1,122,649 - 8,372	\$ 17,593,047 181,113 3,842,894 11,057,251 1,135,208 335,754 266,685 658,144
138,714 540	3,086,001 165,761	104,367 565,848 3,322,258 306,791
139,254_	4,382,783	39,369,360
	96,660 - - - 499 3,824,185 239,075	3,725,981 9,018,441 2,243 1,922,020 63,814 2,285,229 9,802,946 8,004,224
3,913,949_		2,353,976 881,001 3,913,949
3,913,949	4,160,419	41,973,824
(3,774,695)	222,364	(2,604,464)
5,255,000 138,018 669,855 (373,601) 5,689,272	267,341 (324,214) (56,873)	5,945,000 138,018 4,889,339 (4,889,339) 6,083,018
1,914,577	165,491	3,478,554
(960,702)	2,392,685	10,734,615
\$ 953,875	\$ 2,558,176	\$ 14,213,169



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense (1,163,78) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Principal paid on bonds Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,77) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,2)	mental Funds \$ 3,478,554	Not Change in Fund Balances - Total Go
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense (5,262,62) (1,163,78) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,2)	(X 	
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense (5,262,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62	ssets is allocated over their estimated expense. This is the amount by which	statement of activities, the cost of tho useful lives and reported as depreciat
Depreciation expense (5,262,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62,62	4,098,834	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes 137,60 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,74 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,2)	(5,262,627)	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,77) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,2)	(1,163,793)	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued (5,945,00 Installment purchase debt susued (138,0) Principal paid on installment purchase debt 48,9 Principal paid on bonds (23,05,00 Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest (8,6) Claims (190,1) Compensated absences (190,1) Other post employment benefit obligations (3,830,0)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bonds issued (5,945,00 Installment purchase debt issued (138,0° Principal paid on installment purchase debt 48,9° Principal paid on bonds (2,305,00 Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7° Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest (190,14 Compensated absences (190,14 Compensat	137,605_	·
Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7') Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (5,945,00 (138,0) (2,305,00 (2,754,75) (3,754,7	in the statement of net assets. Repay- n the governmental funds, but the repay- atement of net assets. Also, governmental premiums, discounts and similar items	issuing debt increases long-term liabil ment of bond principal is an expenditu ment reduces long-term liabilities in the funds report the effect of issuance co- when debt is first issued, whereas the
Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7') Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations 48,97 2,305,00 (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (4,011,25)	(5,945,000)	
Principal paid on bonds Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7' Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations 2,305,00 (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (3,754,75) (4,011,25)	(138,018)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium (25,7') Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (3,754,75) (4,011,25)		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,29)	·	· · ·
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (3,830,00) (4,011,29)	(3,754,753)	
Accrued interest Claims Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (4,011,29)		current financial resources and, there
Compensated absences 11 Other post employment benefit obligations (3,830,00) (4,011,29)	8,676	
Other post employment benefit obligations (3,830,00) (4,011,29)	(190,140)	Claims
(4,011,29	170	
	(3,830,000)	Other post employment benefit
	(4,011,294)	Internal Condes funds are used by may
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk to individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service funds is reported within governmental activities. 147,28		individual funds. The net revenue of
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ (5,166,4)	\$ (5,166,401)	Change in Net Assets of Governmental A

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND WATER FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	General Fund			
	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ 17,950,785	\$ 17,915,777	\$ 17,593,047	\$ (322,730) 52,013
Other tax items	129,100	129,100 3,505,000	181,113 3,842,894	337,894
Non-property taxes	3,490,000 1,489,450	1,489,450	1,597,428	107,978
Departmental income	1,135,504	1,135,504	1,135,208	(296)
Intergovernmental charges	316,782	316,782	303,892	(12,890)
Use of money and property Licenses and permits	167,500	167,500	266,685	99,185
Fines and forfeitures	751,000	751,000	658,144	(92,856)
Sale of property and compensation	751,000	751,000	000,144	(02,000)
for loss	30,000	59,219	104,367	45,148
State aid	494,827	505,196	426,150	(79,046)
Federal aid	101,027	148,761	224,836	76,075
Miscellaneous	97,058	108,346	119,288	10,942
Total Revenues	26,052,006	26,231,635	26,453,052	221,417
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	2 700 222	2 070 552	3,296,499	582,054
General government support	3,788,222	3,878,553	9,018,441	249,735
Public safety	8,814,022 6,000	9,268,176 6,000	2,243	3,757
Health	1,885,959	1,953,202	1,922,020	31,182
Transportation Economic opportunity and development	68,858	69,579	63,814	5,765
Culture and recreation	2,275,282	2,341,828	2,284,730	57,098
Home and community services	1,785,319	1,844,940	1,726,427	118,513
Employee benefits	7,016,651	7,124,795	6,953,259	171,536
Debt service:	7,010,001	7,121,700	0,000,200	17 1,000
Principal	48,976	738,976	48,976	690,000
Interest	9,934	9,934	9,934	
Total Expenditures	25,699,223	27,235,983	25,326,343	1,909,640
	(·	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	252 702	(4.004.249)	1 126 700	2 121 057
Over Expenditures	352,783	(1,004,348)	1,126,709	2,131,057
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bonds issued	-	690,000	690,000	3
Transfers in	700,000	700,000	702,065	2,065
Transfers out	(1,746,979)	(1,762,979)	(1,707,973)	55,006
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,046,979)	(372,979)	(315,908)	57,071
Net Change in Fund Balances	(694,196)	(1,377,327)	810,801	2,188,128
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	694,196	1,377,327	5,687,787	4,310,460
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,498,588	\$ 6,498,588

		Wate	er Fu	nd	
					Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Positive (Negative)
_	Duaget	·	-	7 lotuui	=======================================
\$	**	\$	\$	(4 0)	\$
	-			-	=
	7,777,363	7,777,363		8,337,174	559,811
				1,794	1,794
	₹	- 1		: ::	
				3.	7
	-			-	
		935		984	49 5,272
	10,000	5,609 10,000		10,881 21,742	11,742
_	10,000	10,000		23,732	- 10,12
_	7,787,363	7,793,907		8,372,575	578,668
	409,199	363,378		332,822	30,556
	3 = 6	/*=		200	2.00
	(* -1	-		; = /	3.97
	:=:	-		-	
		:=			
	4,755,283	4,728,812		4,252,334	476,478
	759,972	819,514		811,890	7,624
	16,820	- 16,820		16,819	- 1
		***************************************		"	F44.050
	5,941,274	5,928,524	-	5,413,865	514,659
	1,846,089	1,865,383		2,958,710	1,093,327
		==			
	15	-		=	
	(1,866,683)	(1,966,683)		(1,966,681)	2
	(1,866,683)	(1,966,683)	_	(1,966,681)	2
	(20,594)	(101,300)		992,029	1,093,329
	20,594	101,300		2,049,814	1,948,514
\$		\$ -	\$	3,041,843	\$ 3,041,843
Ě			Ě	5,5 . 1,5 . 5	- 5,511,1510

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS Cash - Demand deposits	\$ 1,662,807
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Account payable Current portion of claims payable	76,388 99,000
Total Current Liabilities	175,388
Claims Payable, less current portion	892,000
Total Liabilities	1,067,388
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	\$ 595,419

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	Ф 4.706.62E
Departmental charges Insurance recoveries	\$ 1,736,635 72,845
moditation received	·
Total Operating Revenues	1,809,480
Operating Expenses:	
Insurance	970,229
Contractual	179,623
Employee benefits	540,508
Judgments and claims	(20,024)
Total Operating Expenses	1,670,336
Income from Operations	139,144
Non-Operating Revenues - Interest income	8,136
Change in Net Assets	147,280
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	448,139
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 595,419

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	,	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and insurance recoveries Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$	2,005,753 (1,714,834)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	290,919
Cash Flows From Investing Activities - Interest income		8,136
Net Increase in Cash		299,055
Cash - Beginning of Year	-	1,363,752
Cash - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	1,662,807
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Income from operations	\$	139,144
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities - Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	Ť	,
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Accounts payable Claims payable		141,623 54,650 57,502 (102,000)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	290,919

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2010

4.00070	A	gency
ASSETS Cash - Demand deposits Accounts Receivable	\$	146,644 5,802
Total Assets	\$	152,446
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Employee Payroll Deductions Deposits	\$	14,843 8,395 129,208
Total Liabilities	\$	152,446



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Ossining, New York ("Village") was established in 1813 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Manager serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/net assets, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in three broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain defined purposes. The major special revenue fund of the Village is as follows:

Water Fund - The Water Fund is used to record the water operations of the Village which render services on a user charge basis to the general public.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the redemption of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Village also reports the following non-major special revenue funds:

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund is used to record the sewer utility operations of the Village which render services on a user charge basis to the general public.

Section 8 Housing Fund - The Section 8 Housing Fund is used to account for resources received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for housing assistance payment purposes.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

- b. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary funds consist of internal service funds. Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Village has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits and General Liability Claims funds as internal service funds.
- c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Village's Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for various deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Internal Service funds. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to certain claims, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Village's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions accordingly, the Village's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold its deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust

trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2010.

The Village was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate risk.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of January 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in January and July. The Village is responsible for the billing and collection of its taxes. The Village is also responsible for conducting in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items, which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the governmental funds are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories - Inventoriable items in the General Fund consist of materials and supplies and are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The Village uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. Reported inventories are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Deferred Charges - Deferred charges in the government-wide financial statements represent the unamortized portion of the cost of issuance of bonds. The costs are being amortized over the term of the respective bond issue.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be

capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, infrastructure and machinery and equipment of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50
Infrastructure	20 - 100
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Unearned/Deferred Revenues - Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Deferred revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported deferred revenues of \$349,393 for real property taxes and \$445,213 for parking and other payments received in advance in the General Fund. Deferred revenues of \$31,005 are reflected in the Section 8 Housing Fund and \$52,221 in the Capital Projects Fund for State and Federal aid received in advance and \$4,960 is reflected in the Water Fund for miscellaneous items. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Debt Service or Capital Projects funds expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets on the Statement of Net Assets include, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for: crime control, future capital projects, capital projects, debt service, workers' compensation benefits, general liability claims and special revenue funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Reserves and Designations - Portions of fund balance are segregated for future use and are therefore not available for future appropriation or expenditure. Amounts reserved for prepaid expenditures, crime control, trusts, future capital projects, inventories, debt service and encumbrances represent portions of fund balance which are required to be segregated in accordance with State law or generally accepted accounting principles. Designation of unreserved fund balances in governmental funds indicates the utilization of these resources in the ensuing year's budget or tentative plans for future use.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Water, Sewer and Section 8 Housing funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is May 16, 2011.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before the first regular meeting of the Board of Trustees in November, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments at the second regular meeting in November.
- c) After the public hearing and on or before the first regular meeting in December, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget, at which time they are required to file the document with the Village Clerk.
- d) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Water, Sewer, Section 8 Housing and Debt Service funds.
- e) Budgets for General, Water, Sewer, Section 8 Housing and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not adopted by the Board of Trustees for the Special Purpose or Proprietary funds.
- f) The Board of Trustees has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board. Any modification to appropriations resulting from an increase in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- g) Appropriations in the General, Water, Sewer, Section 8 Housing and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for the 2010 fiscal year was \$43,794,777 which exceeded the actual levy by \$25,860,146.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

C. Capital Projects Fund Individual Project Deficits

Deficits in certain projects arise in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. These deficits will be reduced and eliminated as bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other capital project deficits, where no bond anticipation notes were issued or outstanding to the extent of the project deficits, arise because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

Taxes - Current Taxes - Overdue	\$ 521,168 214,024
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	735,192 (294,081)
	\$ 441,111

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
		January 1,					December 31,		
		2010		Additions		Deletions		2010	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	2,499,575	\$	15,997	\$	-	\$	2,515,572	
Construction-in-progress		448,569	-	1,824,827	-	1,793,827	-	479,569	
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	2,948,144	\$	1,840,824	\$	1,793,827	<u>\$</u>	2,995,141	
Capital Assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements	\$	2,274,580	\$		\$	Set	\$	2,274,580	
Buildings and improvements		42,676,556		27,691		S 2 5		42,704,247	
Infrastructure		135,973,032		1,793,827		1044		137,766,859	
Machinery and equipment	_	13,432,275		2,230,319		997,677	_	14,664,917	
Total Capital Assets,									
being depreciated	-	194,356,443		4,051,837		997,677	_	197,410,603	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Balance January 1, 2010	\	Additions	Ę.	Deletions		Balance December 31, 2010
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				70.007			•	4 000 700
Land improvements	\$	1,535,496	\$	73,227	\$		\$	1,608,723
Buildings and improvements		11,731,067		1,303,142		32		13,034,209
Infrastructure		90,858,956		3,124,219		le.		93,983,175
Machinery and equipment		10,637,776	_	762,039	-	997,677	-	10,402,138
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	114,763,295	_	5,262,627	97	997,677	:c	119,028,245
Total Capital Assets,								
being depreciated, net	\$	79,593,148	\$	(1,210,790)	\$		\$	78,382,358
Capital Assets, net	\$	82,541,292	\$	630,034	\$	1,793,827	\$	81,377,499

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government Support	\$ 209,548
Public Safety	630,510
Transportation	2,907,855
Culture and Recreation	580,308
Home and Community Services	934,406
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 5,262,627</u>

D. Pension Plans

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees in tiers 3 and 4 that joined ERS and have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary and employees in tier 5 who also contribute 3% of their salary without regard to their years of service. Contributions are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan. Contributions consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Contribution rates for the plans' year ended March 31, 2011 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	1 751	15.3 %
	2 751	14.0
	3 A14	11.3
	4 A15	11.3
	5 A15	9.1
PFRS	1 384D	21.9
	2 384D	16.8

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	<u>~</u>	ERS	_	PFRS				
2010	\$	934,140	\$	1,001,454				
2009		638,465		866,563				
2008		714,174		950,052				

These contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current ERS and PFRS contributions for the Village were charged to the funds identified below.

Fund	 ERS		PFRS
General	\$ 621,379	\$	1,001,454
Water	235,107		~
Sewer	58,432		:=:
Section 8 Housing	 19,222	_	-
	\$ 934,140	\$	1,001,454

E. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings – Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings in the form of bond anticipation notes.

	Year of		Balance				Balance	
	Original January 1,			De	cember 31,			
Purpose	Issue		2010		demptions	2010		
Refunds	2008	\$	745,000	\$	745,000	\$		

Interest expenditures of \$9,934 were recorded in the fund financials in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$7,848 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

F. Short-Term Capital Borrowings – Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

	Year of				Balance				90		Balance
	Original	Maturity	Rate of	J	anuary 1,		New			De	ecember 31,
Purpose	Issue	Date	Interest	_	2010	_	Issues	R	edemptions	-	2010
Bucket Truck	2005	<u> </u>	- %	\$	15,000	\$	8	\$	15,000	\$	541
Sidewalk Improvements	2005		:5		168,000		50		168,000		
Firehouse - Five Bathrooms	2005	*	₩		27,000		*		27,000		(*)
Firehouse - Monitor Hose Rehabilitation	2005	2	ş		9,000		¥		9,000		300
Master Plan	2006	11/11	1.00		80,000		2		40,000		40,000
Master Plan	2008	11/11	1.00		132,000		7:		33,000		99,000
Planning Design Study	2008	11/11	1.00		32,000		•		8,000		24,000
State Street Streetscape	2008	2	a		225,000		×		225,000		(-
Trailway at Riverwalk	2008	11/11	1.00		8,000				2,000		6,000
Recreation Building Generator	2008	11/11	1.00		260,000		·		65,000		195,000
Paint Exterior and Interior Tanks	2008		3400		1,272,212				1,272,212		
Telemetrics	2008	8	-		48,558		-		48,558		36
VFD and Electrical Work	2008				97,115		<u></u>		97,115		- 2
Rehab Intake	2008	*	-0		97,115		in the second		97,115		•
Water Filters	2009		140		1,365,000				1,365,000		
Sidewalks	2010	11/11	1.00		9		445,000		2		445,000
Water Tank Painting	2010	11/11	1.00		3		700,000				700,000
Sanitation Trucks	2010		, - 2	_	8	0 0	385,000	_	385,000		-
				\$	3,836,000	\$	1,530,000	\$	3,857,000	\$	1,509,000

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$49,619 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the following funds.

Fund	/	Amount			
Water Debt Service	\$	16,819 32,800			
	\$	49.619			

Interest expense of \$45,667 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

G. Accrued Liabilities - Health Claim Liabilities

The financial statements reflect the liability for health benefit claims. These liabilities are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on various factors such as inflation, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claim costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed on both actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid health benefit claim liabilities and other accrued liabilities is as follows:

	_	Year Ended [2010	<u>Dec</u>	ember 31, 2009
Balance - Beginning of Year - Health Claim Liabilities	\$	274,809	\$	315,787
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses		3,837,266		2,101,977
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid	s 	(3,755,790)	_	(2,142,955)
Balance - End of Year - Health Claim Liabilities		356,285		274,809
Accrued Salaries and Employee Benefits	er	774,094	_	202,182
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,130,379	\$_	<u>476,991</u>

H. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	 Balance January 1, 2010		New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance December 31, 2010	Oue Within
Bonds Payable Less - Deferred Amounts	\$ 21,140,000 (76,570)	\$	5,945,000	\$ 2,305,000 (11,996)	\$ 24,780,000 (64,574)	\$ 2,115,000
	 21,063,430	_	5,945,000	 2,293,004	24,715,426	 2,115,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Balance January 1, 2010	1	New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments	D	Balance ecember 31, 2010	_	Oue Within One Year
Other Non-Current Liabilties:										
Installment Purchase Debt	\$	æ1	\$	138,018	\$	48,976	\$	89,042	\$	43,099
Claims Payable		1,093,000		710,624		622,484		1,181,140		289,140
Compensated Absences		811,719		81,002		81,172		811,549		80,000
Other Post Employment Benefit										
Obligations Payable	3-	4,510,000		5,380,000	_	1,550,000	_	8,340,000	_	<u> </u>
Total Other Non-Current										
Liabilities		6,414,719	_	6,309,644	-	2,302,632	_	10,421,731	_	412,239
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	27,478,149	\$	12,254,644	\$	4,595,636	\$	35,137,157	\$	2,527,239

Each governmental fund's liability for claims payable, installment purchase debt, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the respective fund. The Village's indebtedness for bonds is satisfied by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded by the General, Water and Sewer funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2010 are comprised of the following individual issues:

			Original				Amount Outstanding
	Year of		Issue	Final	Interest	at I	December 31,
Purpose	Issue		Amount	Maturity	Rates		2010
		_	,				
Public Improvements	1997	\$	4,805,859	February, 2011	4.80-5.000 %	\$	210,000
Refunding Bond	2004		3,945,000	April, 2016	3.75-4.000		1,835,000
Public Improvements	2004		10,706,000	October, 2024	3.25-4.375		7,715,000
Public Improvements	2007		5,454,000	November, 2027	3.75-5.000		4,550,000
Refunding Bond	2009		2,485,000	March, 2019	2.50-5.000		2,215,000
Refunding Bond	2009		2,730,000	June, 2021	2.50-5.000		2,310,000
Public Improvements	2010		5,945,000	November, 2030	2.00-4.000	_	5,945,000
						\$	24,780,000
						<u>Ф</u>	24,760,000

Interest expenditures of \$821,448 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$830,806 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Installment Purchase Debt

The Village has entered into an agreement to lease certain equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by FASB. The annual payments include interest at 6.6% and matures in June 2012. The balance due at December 31, 2010 was \$89,042.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds and installment purchase debt outstanding as of December 31, 2010, including interest payments of \$7,584,373 are as follows:

Year Ending	Installment Bonds Purchase Debt Tota										tal	al		
December 31,		Principal	Interest		Principal Interest		nterest	Principal		=	Interest			
2011	\$	2,115,000	\$	930,293	\$	43,099	\$	5,877	\$	2,158,099	\$	936,170		
2012		1,935,000		864,113		45,943		3,032		1,980,943		867,145		
2013		1,940,000		798,800		-				1,940,000		798,800		
2014		1,780,000		730,650		7.		-		1,780,000		730,650		
2015		1,805,000		660,463				-		1,805,000		660,463		
2016-2020		7,695,000		2,300,088		-		-		7,695,000		2,300,088		
2021-2025		5,160,000		1,029,657		()=		-		5,160,000		1,029,657		
2026-2030	_	2,350,000	_	261,400	_	(=			_	2,350,000		261,400		
	\$	24,780,000	\$	7,575,464	\$	89,042	\$	8,909	\$	24,869,042	\$	7,584,373		

The above general obligation bonds and installment purchase debt are direct obligations of the Village for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Village.

Claims Payable

The Internal Service funds reflect workers' compensation and general liability claim liabilities. These liabilities are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

		Year Decembe			Year Ended December 31, 2009					
	Workers' Compensation			General Liability		Workers' mpensation	General Liability			
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	382,550	\$	710,450	\$	391,200	\$	912,800		
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses		540,508		(20,024)		474,456		(129,868)		
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid	3	(576,208)	R	(46,276)	-	(483,106)		(72,482)		
Balance - End of Year	\$	346,850	\$	644,150	\$	382,550	\$	710,450		
Current Portion	\$	35,000	\$	64,000	\$	38,255	\$	71,045		

At December 31, 2010, claims payable also included \$190,140 for tax certiorari judgments settled subsequent to year end.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with existing collective bargaining agreements, certain employees are entitled to accumulate up to 275 days of sick leave. Additionally, after three years of service, unused personal time can be accumulated as sick time, to a maximum of 20 days. Upon retirement or termination, those employees with ten years of service will be compensated for accumulated sick leave. The amount of compensation is at the rate of 25% of the amount accumulated. Vacation time for all employees may be accumulated to a maximum of 10 days. It has been the Village's practice to compensate employees for unused vacation time upon separation of service. The value for compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing health care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employees. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. The cost of other post employment benefit obligations payable is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid. The Village has recognized revenues and expenditures of \$75,706 for Medicare Part D payments made directly to its health insurance carrier on behalf of its retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The Village's annual other post employment benefit obligations ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be accounted for under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Village is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the OPEB plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed increase in postretirement benefits is 9.5% for the first year, decreases in years two through ten by .5% per year through year ten then continues at 5% thereafter. The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with an open amortization approach with 27 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return, a 1.5% inflation rate and a 3.0% annual payroll growth. The Village currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

The number of participants as of January 1, 2009 was as follows:

Active Employees	178
Retired Employees	106
	004
Total	284

Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of January 1, 2010 Assets at Market Value	\$	64,370,000
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	64,370,000
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	\$	14,800,000
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	_	435%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	5,400,000 200,000 (220,000)
Annual OPEB Cost		5,380,000
Contributions Made	0.	(1,550,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		3,830,000
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of year		4,510,000
Net OPEB Obligation - End of year	\$	8,340,000

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current year and two year is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Year Ended Annual		Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
2010 2009 2008	\$	5,380,000 3,690,000 3,450,000	28.81 % 38.21 35.36	\$ 8,340,000 4,510,000 2,230,000		

I. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

	=							
			Debt	Capital				
	Genera	al	Service	Projects	N	lon-Major		
Transfers Out	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	- \$	1,385,934	\$ 238,000	\$	84,039	\$	1,707,973
Water Fund	150,0	000	1,649,044	167,637		-		1,966,681
Debt Service Fund	400,0	000	Ē	116,870		-		516,870
Capital Projects Funds	2,0	65	188,234	-		183,302		373,601
Non-Major Fund	150,0	000	26,866	 147,348		<u>=</u> _	·	324,214
	\$ 702,0	65 \$	3,250,078	\$ 669,855	\$	267,341	\$	4,889,339

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures, 2) move funds from the operating funds to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due and 3) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments of the General and Non-Major Funds.

J. Net Assets

The components of net assets are detailed below:

Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt - the component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Crime Control - the component of net assets representing the unexpended balance of the forfeiture of seized crime properties. These amounts are to be used pursuant to a New York State directive in the subsequent fiscal year for law enforcement purposes.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net assets that has been established to set aside funds to be used to finance all or part of the construction or acquisition of a specific type of improvement in accordance with Section 6c of General Municipal Law.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net assets that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net assets that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net assets that has been established to set aside funds to be used for the payment of workers' compensation claims made upon the Village in accordance with Section 6n of General Municipal Law.

Restricted for General Liability Claims - the component of net assets that has been established to set aside funds to be used for the payment of future claims made upon the Village in accordance with Section 6n of General Municipal Law.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net assets that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

K. Fund Balances

Certain elements of reserved fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net assets but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below. The unreserved components of fund balance are also detailed below.

Reserved

The Reserve for Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for employee retirement and other payments made in advance. This reserve indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

The Reserve for Trusts has been established to set aside funds in accordance with terms of the grants.

Inventories in the General Fund have been reserved to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the Village anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Encumbrances outstanding have been reserved as it is the Village's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority to complete the transaction.

Unreserved - Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures

Designations of fund balance are not legally required segregations, but represent intended use for a specific purpose.

Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures - At December 31, 2010, the Village Board has designated that \$650,000 of the fund balance of the General Fund, \$250,000 of the fund balance of the Water Fund, \$41,527 of the fund balance of the Section 8 Housing Fund and \$298,292 of the fund balance of the Debt Service Fund be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

The Designation for Contractual Obligations represents a segregation of fund balance for the payment of contractual obligations.

The Designation for Insurance represents a segregation of fund balance for funds restricted to be expended for health care purposes.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from civil rights violations, false arrest, property damage or personal injury. These claims have been forwarded to the Village's administrator of their self-insured risk retention program (see note below detailing risk management policy limitations). The Village's liability would be limited to their self-insured retention levels.

The Village is a defendant in numerous tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which cannot be determined at this time. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year the payments are made.

B. Risk Management

The Village's policies for general liability, automobile liability, property and public officials errors and omissions coverage have self-insured retention levels of \$75,000 per occurrence for the 12/31/2009-2010 policy year. Primary insurance coverage is purchased for losses in excess of the retention levels, to a maximum limit of \$925,000. Excess insurance policies have been secured for losses in excess of \$1 million (\$75,000 retention + \$925,000 primary insurance policy) to a maximum of \$10 million per occurrence for all liability losses and \$60,269,203 for property. The Workers' Compensation self-insured retention level is \$125,000 with primary insurance coverage limit of \$250,000. Excess Workers Compensation insurance is purchased for losses in excess of \$375,000 (\$125,000 Retention + \$250,000 Primary Limit). Excess Workers Compensation is written for Statutory Limits (unlimited in New York) with a \$1 million cap on employer's liability claims. The governmental funds are charged premiums by the respective Internal Service Fund. Claims payable in the Internal Service funds include provisions for claims reported and claims incurred but not reported.

The Village is also self-insured for health benefits. A plan administrator has been retained to review and approve all claims. The Village has specific stop-loss insurance which establishes a maximum exposure limit of \$100,000 for each individual covered in the plan up to a maximum of \$1 million. The Village also has aggregate stop-loss insurance which established a maximum exposure limit of \$4,306,280 for the 2010 plan year.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

C. Other Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Actuarial						Unfunded					Unfunde Liability a	is a
Valuation Date	Section 1	ue of sets	8	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll		Percentage of Covered Payroll	
January 1, 2008 January 1, 2009 January 1, 2010	\$		\$	43,100,000 45,590,000 64,370,000	\$	43,100,000 45,590,000 64,370,000	=	%	\$	15,100,000 14,970,000 14,800,000	285.43 304.54 434.93	132

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

DESCRIBER OF, 2010 ARD 2000	2010	2009
<u>ASSETS</u>	-	
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash	\$ 7,173,239 1,757_	\$ 6,694,321 1,768
	7,174,996	6,696,089
Taxes Receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$294,081 in 2010 and \$173,478 in 2009	441,111	386,319
Other Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds Due from other governments	175,356 173,564 914,502 1,263,422	180,245 89,161 283,684 846,573 1,399,663
Prepaid Expenditures	422,733	266,622
Inventories	24,198	13,584
Total Assets	\$ 9,326,460	\$ 8,762,277
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		x
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenues - Taxes Deferred revenues - Other Bond anticipation notes payable	\$ 1,072,096 961,170 349,393 445,213	\$ 892,443 392,788 43,720 211,788 788,751 745,000
Total Liabilities	2,827,872	3,074,490
Fund Balance: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for crime control Reserved for future capital projects Reserved for inventories Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:	422,733 52,489 91,759 24,198 80,228	266,622 24,265 72,520 13,584 194,196
Designated for contractual obligations Designated for insurance Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated	420,333 64,382 650,000 4,692,466	537,385 - 500,000 4,079,215
Total Fund Balance	6,498,588	5,687,787
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 9,326,460	\$ 8,762,277

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		20	10	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid	\$ 17,950,785 129,100 3,490,000 1,489,450 1,135,504 316,782 167,500 751,000 30,000 494,827	\$ 17,915,777 129,100 3,505,000 1,489,450 1,135,504 316,782 167,500 751,000 59,219 505,196	\$ 17,593,047 181,113 3,842,894 1,597,428 1,135,208 303,892 266,685 658,144 104,367 426,150	\$ (322,730) 52,013 337,894 107,978 (296) (12,890) 99,185 (92,856) 45,148 (79,046)
Federal aid	97,058	148,761 108,346	224,836 119,288	76,075 10,942
Miscellaneous	97,038	100,340	119,200	10,942
Total Revenues	26,052,006	26,231,635	26,453,052	221,417
Expenditures: Current: General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service: Principal Interest Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,788,222 8,814,022 6,000 1,885,959	3,878,553 9,268,176 6,000 1,953,202 69,579 2,341,828 1,844,940 7,124,795 738,976 9,934 27,235,983	3,296,499 9,018,441 2,243 1,922,020 63,814 2,284,730 1,726,427 6,953,259 48,976 9,934 25,326,343	582,054 249,735 3,757 31,182 5,765 57,098 118,513 171,536 690,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance	700,000 (1,746,979) (1,046,979) (694,196)	(372,979)	690,000 702,065 (1,707,973) (315,908) 810,801	2,065 55,006 57,071 2,188,128
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	694,196	1,377,327	5,687,787	4,310,460
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,498,588	\$ 6,498,588

		20	009			
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	17,004,802 100,100 3,685,000 1,614,350 1,051,352 361,782 169,500 801,000	\$ 17,004,802 100,100 3,606,240 1,620,251 1,073,143 361,783 169,500 801,000	\$	16,823,933 138,045 3,576,006 1,500,995 1,081,165 341,603 212,893 685,002	\$	(180,869) 37,945 (30,234) (119,256) 8,022 (20,180) 43,393 (115,998)
	45,000 544,827 - 112,058	51,357 492,628 49,421 103,553	-	42,232 468,772 49,421 95,034		(9,125) (23,856) - (8,519)
-	25,489,771	25,433,778		25,015,101		(418,677)
	3,951,986 8,782,998 6,500 1,990,282 70,510 2,287,819 1,847,835 6,432,139	4,113,713 8,844,218 6,500 2,041,466 73,212 2,253,312 1,828,484 6,436,910		3,166,297 8,622,775 - 1,938,236 64,420 2,054,086 1,661,429 6,080,971		947,416 221,443 6,500 103,230 8,792 199,226 167,055 355,939
	45,682 49,683	45,682 49,683		49,683		45,682 -
S===	25,465,434	25,693,180		23,637,897		2,055,283
·==	24,337	(259,402)	_	1,377,204		1,636,606
8 	940,870 (1,600,994)	940,870 (1,579,374)	-	940,870 (1,502,222)		77,152
::	(660,124)	(638,504)	-	(561,352)	7	77,152
	(635,787)	(897,906)		815,852		1,713,758
0)	635,787	897,906		4,871,935		3,974,029
\$		\$ -	<u>\$</u>	5,687,787	\$	5,687,787

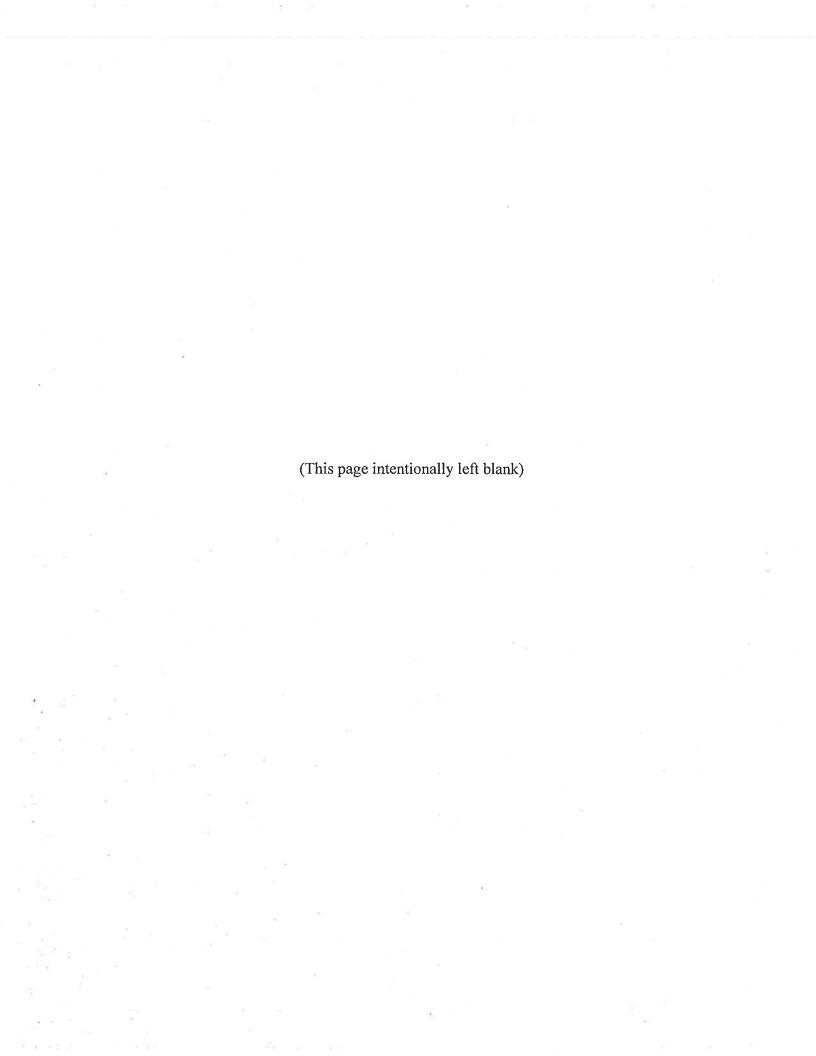
VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2009 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 17,950,785	\$ 17,915,777	\$ 17,593,047	\$ (322,730)	\$ 16,823,933
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Payments in lieu of taxes Interest and penalties on real property taxes	29,100	29,100	33,055 148,058	3,955 48,058	30,583 107,462
NON-PROPERTY TAXES	129,100	129,100	181,113	52,013	138,045
Utilities gross receipts taxes Franchise fees Non-property tax distribution from County	275,000 315,000 2,900,000	275,000 330,000 2,900,000	284,326 396,346 3,162,222	9,326 66,346 262,222	279,554 357,132 2,939,320
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME	3,490,000	3,505,000	3,842,894	337,894	3,576,006
Tax advertising	2,000	2,000	1,730	(270)	2,088
Ordin rees Dog licenses	1,550	1,550	1,726	176	1,393
Transportation of prisoners	46,800	46,800	50,757	3,957	50,901
Police fees	006	006	1,494	594	1,748
Safety inspection fees	36,500	36,500	31,230	(5,270)	34,961
Health fees	000'9	6,000	8,170	2,170	7,432
Public service Station tags and off street parking	460 000	460 000	4,111	3,111	458 774
Otation tags and on succe partials Non-criminal finder printing	4,000	4,000	2.415	(1,585)	4,155
Day camp fees	175,000	175,000	213,193	38,193	163,786
Parks and recreation fees	264,000	264,000	345,965	81,965	284,316
Zoning fees	5,000	2,000	27,990	22,990	5,345
Planning Board fees	8,500	8,500	10,200	1,700	8,305
Refuse and garbage charges	478,500	478,500	433,539	(44,961)	476,731
	1,489,450	1,489,450	1,597,428	107,978	1,500,995

INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES

164,519 5,541 463,959 24,981 48,791 373,374	1,081,165	2) 105,050 90,440 146,113	341,603	20,322 109,965 82,606	212,893	681,873	(85,002		13,501 27,231 1,500	3 42,232 (Continued)
(13,346) (521) 3,385 10,186	(296)	(13,392) (729) 1,231	(12,890)	16,275 51,507 31,403	99,185	(134,238) 41,382	(92,856)		300 (10,891) 54,339 1,400	45,148
293,926 3,979 394,358 25,385 44,186 373,374	1,135,208	66,608 89,940 147,344	303,892	37,275 151,507 77,903	266,685	615,762 42,382	658,144		18,860 9,109 74,998 1,400	104,367
307,272 4,500 394,358 22,000 34,000 373,374	1,135,504	80,000 90,669 146,113	316,782	21,000 100,000 46,500	167,500	750,000	751,000		18,560 20,000 20,659	59,219
307,272 4,500 394,358 22,000 34,000 373,374	1,135,504	80,000 90,669 146,113	316,782	21,000 100,000 46,500	167,500	750,000	751,000		20,000	30,000
Finance and data processing services - Town Street lighting - Town Fire protection services - Town Veteran's Park lighting - Town Snow removal services Recreation services - Town	USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	Earnings on investments Rental of real property - Individuals Rental of real property - Other governments	LICENSES AND PERMITS	Business and occupational licenses Building permits Other permits	FINES AND FORFEITURES	Fines and forfeited bail Forfeiture of deposits		SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS	Sale of equipment Minor sales Insurance recoveries Other	



VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

52°		Original Budaet	<u> </u>	Final Budget		Actual	Vari Fin: R	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2009 Actual
STATE AID		,		>						
Per capita Mortgage tax Youth programs Other	⇔	219,827 250,000 10,000 15,000	↔	219,827 250,000 10,000 24,360	()	206,539 183,364 9,503 23,460	⇔	(13,288) (66,636) (497) (900)	⇔	219,827 222,619 10,876 15,450
FEDERAL AID		494,827		505,196		426,150		(79,046)		468,772
								0		
Employee retirement reinsurance program		30 1 06 - C		107.70		64,382		64,382		i
Assistance to fire righters		1		+07,70		45,000		(300,1)		
Cops technology Other		as e		45,000 36,057		45,000		13,645		49,421
		эк		148,761		224,836		76,075		49,421
MISCELLANEOUS										
Refunds of prior year's expenditures		2,000		2,000		5,957		3,957		5,557
Gifts and donations		1,500		000'9		4,500		(1,500)		40
Section 8 Housing Fund reimbursement		29,558		29,558		22,256		(7,302)		22,256
Medicare part D		60,000		60,000		75,706		15,706		53,527
Other		4,000		10,766		800,01		0		10,00
		97,058		108,346		119,288		10,942		95,034
TOTAL REVENUES	78	26,052,006	2	26,231,635		26,453,052		221,417		25,015,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Bonds issued		ì		000'069		000'069		*		,
i ransiers in: Water Fund		150,000		150,000		150,000				150,000
Sewer Fund		150,000		150,000		150,000		d		150,000
Debt Service Fund Canital Projects Fund		400,000		400,000		400,000 2,065		2,065		555,000 85,870
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		700,000		1,390,000		1,392,065		2,065		940,870
		2000		7 634 635		7 0 AE 117	e	223 482		25 Q55 Q71
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	8 *	20,752,000	۷ ه	csa,12a,12	6	21,040,111	0	203,402	0	12,000,01

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	ce with Sudget Itive ative)		2009 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT										
Board of Trustees	49	68.200	69	68,125	€9	29,837	€9	38,288	↔	30,022
Village Justice	٠	374,055	٠	389,102	.	376,598		12,504		444,115
Traffic Violations Bureau		151,407		154,427		146,322		8,105		85,030
Mayor		7,700		7,771		7,771		ř		6,718
Manager		262,420		263,791		247,949	•	15,842		243,978
Auditor		37,000		37,650		37,650		ja j		34,769
Treasurer		139,008		142,999		132,793		10,206		126,768
Budget		1,080		1,465		1,464		_		1,101
Assessment		009		009		r		009		225
Clerk		171,226		184,252		169,694		14,558		53,419
Law		216,868		220,694		215,713		4,981		175,254
Personnel		127,340		131,038		120,748	•	10,290		102,163
Safety Director		40,300		40,786		27,780	•	13,006		86,784
Engineer		21,690		22,293		22,290		က		23,385
Municipal building		183,166		221,166		197,923	•	23,243		199,931
Armory		225,091		239,998		215,064		24,934		189,071
Central garage		326,572		326,605		269,114	7,	57,491		263,982
Communications system		107,119		122,119		78,416	•	43,703		66,323
Data processing		261,294		268,130		252,024		16,106		257,898
Unallocated insurance		586,543		586,543		529,184		57,359		553,123
Municipal association dues		15,350		15,350		13,379		1,971		13,866
Judgments and claims		100,000		100,000		46,276	~,	53,724		72,482
Town taxes and assessments		09		09		47		13		46
Property tax refunds		50,000		115,008		115,008		*		97,457
Metropolitan commuter transportation										
mobility tax		44,133		45,598		43,455		2,143		36,254
Codification of ordinances		E		i		E		·		2,133
Contingency		270,000		172,983		1	_	172,983		•
E		3 788 222		3 878 553		3 296 499	ŭ	582 054		3 166 297
		0,100,444		2,00,0		2,400,10	5	100,00		0,100,400

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Police Department Jail Traffic control	7,209,598 4,000 110,694	6,983,783 4,000 76,723	6,843,244 3,010 66,179	140,539 990 10,544	7,153,339 3,575 67,669
•	17,500 787,908 103,730 580,592	22,000 858,819 107,625 619,280 595,946	828,897 107,390 619,278 538,777	29,922 235 235 57,169	678,927 104,096 - 570,881
	8,814,022	9,268,176	9,018,441	249,735	8,622,775
	6,000	6,000	2,243	3,757	
	267,267 926,463	259,434 1,131,765	245,687 1,123,629	13,747 8,136	244,379 1,106,367
	413,688	325,842 204,942	320,574 202,036	5,268 2,906	370,804 181,672
	10,000 35,072	, 550 30,669	550 29,544	1,125	7,175 27,839
TNAMOO IAVA VIINI ITAOGGO SIMONOSA	1,885,959	1,953,202	1,922,020	31,182	1,938,236
	68,858	69,579	63,814	5,765	64,420
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
	684,036	723,053	700,027	23,026	621,534
	1,474,535 63.787	1,495,443 67.301	1,462,301 67,300	33,142 1	1,319,645 64.031
	13,824	14,260	14,033	227	12,978
	28,500	29,771	29,770	701	29,082 6,816
	2,275,282	2,341,828	2,284,730	57,098	2,054,086
			1 100		(Continued)

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

Original	Coning \$ 75,223 \$ Zoning \$ 75,223 \$ Planning 128,609 99,445 Storm sewers 99,445 1,294,524 Refuse and garbage 78,968 Street cleaning 78,968 Shade trees 106,050 Historic Review Commission 2,500	1,78	State retirement Police and fire retirement Social security Workers' compensation benefits Unemployment benefits State retirement 1,004,364 992,638 931,125 Unemployment benefits 22,765 Hospital, medical and dental benefits	DEBT SERVICE	rincipal: Bond anticipation notes Installment purchase debt	48,976 Iterest - Bond anticipation notes 9,934	TOTAL EXPENDITURES 25,699,223
Final Budget	78,662 138,613 104,016 1,306,673 83,040 130,612	1,844,940	652,327 1,039,560 1,025,596 931,125 22,765 3,453,422	7,124,795	690,000	9,934	748,910
Actual	\$ 74,091 128,294 85,603 1,232,475 74,741 128,803	1,726,427	621,379 1,001,454 952,087 903,035 21,882 3,453,422	6,953,259	48,976	9,934	58,910
Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	\$ 4,571 10,319 18,413 74,198 8,299 1,809	118,513	30,948 38,106 73,509 28,090 883	171,536	000'069	000,080	690,000
2009 Actual	\$ 68,233 120,129 87,548 1,223,297 69,635 91,630	1,661,429	440,696 866,563 929,445 799,670 14,653 3,029,944	6,080,971	8 8	49,683	49,683

OTHER FINANCING USES

1,174,332 271,000 56,890	1,502,222	\$ 25,140,119
9 25,000	55,006	\$ 1,964,646
1,385,934 238,000 84,039	1,707,973	\$ 27,034,316
1,385,940 293,000 84,039	1,762,979	\$ 28,998,962
1,385,940 277,000 84,039	1,746,979	\$ 27,446,202
Transfers out: Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Section 8 Housing Fund	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES



VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

WATER FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		2010		2009
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash	\$	631,029 200	\$	292,362 200
		631,229		292,562
Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments	,	2,844,762 13,349 7,577	7.	2,354,893 - -
		2,865,688		2,354,893
Prepaid Expenditures		48,163	_	33,896
Total Assets	\$	3,545,080	\$	2,681,351
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenues - Other Total Liabilities	\$	342,692 155,585 4,960 503,237	\$	272,906 66,749 291,882
Fund Balance: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for future capital projects Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved: Designated for insurance Designated for contractual obligations Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated		48,163 194,498 15,677 4,980 250,000 2,528,525		33,896 193,368 20,594 98,189 - 1,703,767
Total Fund Balance		3,041,843		2,049,814
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,545,080	\$	2,681,351

WATER FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

			20	10			
	Original Budget		Final Budget	¥o.	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:			7 777 000	•	0.007.474	•	550.044
Departmental income	\$ 7,777,36	3 \$	7,777,363	\$	8,337,174 1,794	\$	559,811 1,794
Use of money and property State aid		1=1 101	935		984		1,794
Federal aid) (T)	5,609		10,881		5,272
Miscellaneous	10,00	0	10,000		21,742		11,742
Total Revenues	7,787,36	3 _	7,793,907		8,372,575		578,668
Expenditures: Current:							
General government support	409,19	9	363,378		332,822		30,556
Home and community services	4,755,28	33	4,728,812		4,252,334		476,478
Employee benefits	759,97		819,514		811,890		7,624
Debt service - Interest	16,82	<u> 20 </u>	16,820	-	16,819		1_
Total Expenditures	5,941,27	<u> </u>	5,928,524		5,413,865	,	514,659
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	1,846,08	39	1,865,383		2,958,710		1,093,327
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in Transfers out	(1,866,68	33)	(1,966,683)		(1,966,681)		2
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,866,68	33)	(1,966,683)))	(1,966,681)		2
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,59	94)	(101,300)		992,029		1,093,329
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	20,59	94	101,300		2,049,814		1,948,514
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	<u>- \$</u>		\$	3,041,843	\$	3,041,843

			20	09			
	Original Budget		Final Budget	86	Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	7,873,282 - - -	\$	7,873,282 - -	\$	7,908,849 1,594	\$	35,567 1,594
_	10,000	_	10,000		21,690		11,690
_	7,883,282		7,883,282	:	7,932,133		48,851
	447,463 4,824,506 716,687 38,312		595,604 4,694,530 716,687 38,312		328,237 4,000,893 668,967 38,312		267,367 693,637 47,720
3	6,026,968		6,045,133		5,036,409		1,008,724
e <u></u>	1,856,314		1,838,149		2,895,724_	_	1,057,575
8	73,071 (1,953,380)		59,812 (1,921,956)		(1,921,952)	·	(59,812) 4
	(1,880,309)		(1,862,144)		(1,921,952)		(59,808)
	(23,995)		(23,995)		973,772		997,767
s -	23,995		23,995	_	1,076,042	:5	1,052,047
\$		\$		\$	2,049,814	\$	2,049,814

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

Variance with Final Budget 2009 Budget Budget Actual (Negative) Actual	s 2,950 \$ 2,950 \$ - \$ 5,848 ns system 16,390 16,390 12,635 3,755 7,005 ng 27,051 27,051 22,096 4,955 23,890 surance 94,813 85,813 85,770 43 93,766	198,500 198,442 6,545 6,833 40,000	911,849 926,096 912,439 13,657 2,013,245 1,029,498 1,006,129 23,369 1,774,485 819,036 818,838 198	ENEFITS ## 4755,283 ## 476,474 ## 4,000,893 Integration benefits ## 4755,283 ## 476,474 ## 4,000,893 ## 4,
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SLIPPORT	Engineer Safety director Communications system Data processing Unallocated insurance	raxes and assessments on municipal property Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax Contingency	HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES Water administration Pumping, supply and power Purification Transmission and distribution	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS State retirement Social security Workers' compensation benefits Unemployment insurance

668,967

7,624

811,890

819,514

759,972

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Interest - Bond anticipation notes	16,820	16,820	16,819	_	38,312
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,941,274	5,928,524	5,413,865	514,654	5,036,409
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out: General Fund	150,000	150,000	150,000	•	150,000
Debt Service Fund	1,649,046	1,649,046	1,649,044	2	1,711,952
Capital Projects Fund	67,637	167,637	167,637	,	000'09
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	1,866,683	1,966,683	1,966,681	2	1,921,952
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 7,807,957	\$ 7,895,207	\$ 7,380,546	\$ 514,656	\$ 6,958,361



DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS	2010	2009
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash - Demand deposits	\$ 1,165,288	\$ 1,565,031
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities - Accrued interest payable	\$ 4,601	\$
Fund Balance:	200 005	4 000 400
Reserved for debt service Unreserved - Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	862,395 298,292	1,096,128 468,903
Offieserved - Designated for subsequent years expenditures	290,292	400,000
Total Fund Balance	1,160,687	1,565,031_
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,165,288	\$ 1,565,031

DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		20	10	
	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 28,500	\$ 28,500	\$ 21,696	\$ (6,804)
Total Revenues	28,500	28,500	21,696	(6,804)
Expenditures - Debt service: Principal - Bonds	2,305,000	2,305,000	2,305,000	
Interest: Bonds Bond anticipation notes	821,448 32,800	821,448 32,800	821,448 32,800	
	854,248_	854,248	854,248	
Refunding bond issuance costs	(V	·	<u></u>	
Total Expenditures	3,159,248	3,159,248	3,159,248	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,130,748)	(3,130,748)	(3,137,552)	(6,804)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond	-	2 -	-	-
escrow agent Issuance premium		-	æ	35 78
Transfers out	3,178,715 (516,870)	3,178,715 (516,870)	3,250,078 (516,870)	71,363
Total Other Financing Sources	2,661,845	2,661,845	2,733,208	71,363
Net Change in Fund Balance	(468,903)	(468,903)	(404,344)	64,559
Fund Balance -				
Beginning of Year	468,903	468,903	1,565,031	1,096,128
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,160,687	\$ 1,160,687

			20	09			
	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual				Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	178,000	\$	178,000 	\$	28,676 38,156	\$	(149,324) 38,156
2	178,000		178,000	-	66,832		(111,168)
Ş .	2,345,002		2,405,002		2,405,000	,	2
	967,769	-	863,984 54,927		863,983 54,927		1
X	967,769	20-	918,911		918,910		1_
s		3	77,146	,	77,146	_	
(3,312,771	(- -	3,401,059		3,401,056		3
	(3,134,771)		(3,223,059)		(3,334,224)	-	(111,165)
	=		5,215,000		5,215,000		-
	<u></u>		(5,381,638)		(5,381,638)		
	2,970,555		243,784 2,926,770		243,784 2,926,770		-
_	(555,000)	_	(555,000)	_	(555,000)		-
_	2,415,555		2,448,916		2,448,916		
	(719,216)		(774,143)		(885,308)		(111,165)
<u> </u>	719,216		774,143	_	2,450,339		1,676,196
\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	1,565,031	\$	1,565,031

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS	:0 	2010		2009
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	2,542,170	\$	2,929,719
State and Federal Aid Receivable		112,794		136,513
Total Assets	\$	2,654,964	\$	3,066,232
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retained percentages Deferred revenues - Other Bond anticipation notes payable	\$	77,031 62,837 52,221 1,509,000	\$	171,578 19,356 - 3,836,000
Total Liabilities		1,701,089		4,026,934
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Unreserved and undesignated		953,875	-	(960,702)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	2,654,964	\$	3,066,232

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010	2009
Revenues: State aid Federal aid	\$ 138,714 540	\$ 164,689 356,303
Total Revenues	139,254	520,992
Expenditures - Capital outlay	3,913,949	1,601,204
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,774,695)	(1,080,212)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds issued Installment purchase debt issued Transfers in Transfers out	5,255,000 138,018 669,855 (373,601)	429,631 (99,128)
Total Other Financing Sources	5,689,272	330,503
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,914,577	(749,709)
Fund Deficit - Beginning of Year	(960,702)	(210,993)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 953,875	\$ (960,702)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND PROJECT-LENGTH SCHEDULE INCEPTION OF PROJECT THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2010

PROJECT	Project Number		Project Budget		expenditures and Transfers To Date	Ui	nexpended Balance
Closed Projects:	2040	\$	618,000	\$	618,000	\$	atio
Sidewalk Improvements		Φ	130,860	Φ	130,860	φ	- 3
MS-4 - Sewer Project	2050		•		475,000		-
I and I Sewer Lining	2061 2066		475,000 75,000		75,000		
Bucket Truck			,		60,000		(=,2
Firehouse - Five Bathrooms	2067 2068		60,000 113,597		113,597		:=0
Firehouse - Monitor Hose Rehabilitation	2079		210,742		210,742		
Rehab Intake	2079		1,360,000		1,360,000		
Paint Exterior and Interior Tanks	2086		175,000		175,000		-
Ongoing Sewer Improvements	2095		2,683		2,683		
Wishnie Park Improvements Fire Service Study 2008	2100		56,075		56,075		
Fire Apparatus	2102		1,445,461		1,445,461		-
Sanitation Trucks	2102		387,789		387,789		750- 7-1
Leased Police Cars	2117		138,018		138,018) The (
Leased Folice Gais	2111		100,010		100,010		
Open Projects:	2031		8,989,501		8,961,337		28,164
Joseph G. Caputo Community Center Addition	2047				516,861		20,104
Master Plan			516,861				14,068
Municipal Building	2049		1,274,517		1,260,449		
Parking Lot Improvements	2054		85,000		75,768		9,232
Parking Meters	2057		225,000		186,024		38,976
Replace and Reline Water Mains	2064		385,000		373,330		11,670
Security at Pump Station	2070		150,000		121,255		28,745
Indian Brook Valve Replacement	2072		250,000		127,968		122,032
Telemetrics	2077		225,000		193,217		31,783
VFD and Electrical Work	2078		300,000		167,008		132,992
Central Garage	2083		30,000		271		29,729
Sing Sing Museum	2085		10,000		500		9,500
Snowden Park Improvements	2087		225,355		217,195		8,160
State Street Streetscape	2088		519,627		509,518		10,109
Street and Curb Maintenance	2090		607,887		532,887		75,000
Upgrade Shaft #4 Chlorination	2093		35,000		18,757		16,243
Trailway at Riverwalk	2097		140,000		10,000		130,000
Planning Design Study	2098		40,000		20,259		19,741
Recreation Building Generator	2099		325,000		325,000		070 407
Water Filters	2101		1,721,257		1,447,760		273,497
Sparta Park Improvements	2104		75,848		6,220		69,628
Community Center Sun Deck Playground	2105		173,500		4,980		168,520
Sidewalks	2106		770,000		21,579		748,421
IBW Reservoir Dam	2107		264,258		84,078		180,180
Water Tank Painting	2108		700,000		2,515		697,485
Caputo Center Air Handlers	2109		97,000		*		97,000
Water Garage Roof Repairs	2116	(-	100,000	_		-	100,000
Totals		\$	23,483,836	<u>\$</u>	20,432,961	\$	3,050,875

		Methods o					d Balance		Bond nticipation Notes
_	Interfund Transfers	State and ederal Aid	Proceeds of Obligations	0	Totals		eficit) at ember 31, 2010	Outstanding a December 31 2010	
\$	18,000 116,000	\$ 215,700 14,860	\$ 384,300	\$	618,000 130,860	\$	-	\$	-
	150,000	125,000	200,000		475,000		2		_
	-	(20,000	75,000		75,000				_
	120	a	60,000		60,000		2		2
	-	93,597	20,000		113,597		~		-
	*	2	210,742		210,742		~		=
	:50	-	1,360,000		1,360,000		~		=
	175,000	246	~		175,000		~		-
	2,683	92	-		2,683		-		-
	56,075	-	4 445 404		56,075		-		-
	=		1,445,461		1,445,461		-		-
	: -		387,789 138,018		387,789 138,018				5
			100,010		100,010				
	3,064,502	924,999	5,000,000		8,989,501		28,164		400.000
	151,861	24	226,000		377,861		(139,000)		139,000
	924,517	3 2	350,000		1,274,517		14,068		<u>.</u>
	<u></u>	(# 575	85,000		85,000 225,000		9,232 38,976		=
	370,000	=	225,000 15,000		225,000 385,000		11,670		= '
	370,000	27. Se	150,000		150,000		28,745		- 0
	170	072 1 =	250,000		250,000		122,032		<u> </u>
	-	50 - 2	225,000		225,000		31,783		-
			300,000		300,000		132,992		-
	; = :	0 ≡	30,000		30,000		29,729		≠:
	10,000	:(=	3=5		10,000		9,500		≔ 1:
	110,449	114,906	546		225,355		8,160		<u>≅</u> 9
	25,650	243,977	250,000		519,627		10,109		·
	100,000	507,887	~		607,887		75,000		-
	50.000	-	35,000		35,000		16,243		0.000
	50,000	-	4,000		54,000		44,000		6,000
	•	-	16,000 130,000		16,000 130,000		(4,259) (195,000)		24,000 195,000
	66,257	_	1,655,000		1,721,257		273,497		193,000
	45,848	_	1,000,000		45,848		39,628		·
	101,500	_	***		101,500		96,520		= :
		-	=		;=:		(21,579)		445,000
	%=	_	264,258		264,258		180,180		54 33
	~	-	22				(2,515)		700,000
	16,000	-	848		16,000		16,000		14 0
	100,000		 -		100,000	-	100,000	ñ:	34 3
\$	5,654,342	\$ 2,240,926	\$ 13,491,568	\$	21,386,836	\$	953,875	\$	1,509,000

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Totals for 2009)

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	Sewer Fund		Section 8 Housing Fund	Special Purpose Fund
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	762,742	\$	219,206	\$ 1,298,420
Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments		321,644 2,309 		31,005 2,201 - 33,206	-
Prepaid Expenditures		15,625	20	6,751	 =:
Total Assets	\$	1,102,320	\$	259,163	\$ 1,298,420
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenues - Other	\$	52,925	\$	4,093 13,624 - 31,005	\$ 80
Total Liabilities Fund Balances: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for trusts Reserved for encumbrances) -	52,925 15,625 - 4,878	4.	48,722 6,751 -	 1,298,340
Unreserved: Designated for insurance Designated for contractual obligations Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated	-	1,778 - - 1,027,114		41,527 162,163	· ·
Total Fund Balances		1,049,395	-	210,441	1,298,340
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	1,102,320	<u>\$</u>	259,163	\$ 1,298,420

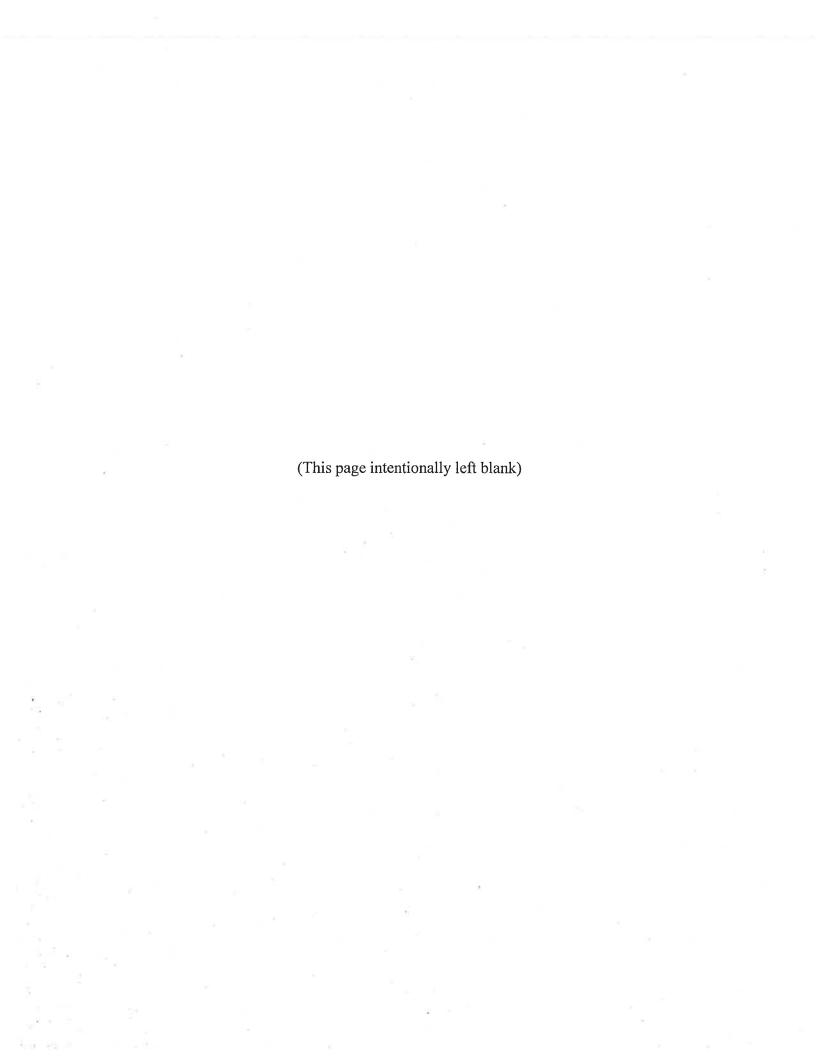
	Tot	als	
_	2010	_	2009
\$	2,280,368	\$	2,401,502
	352,649 4,510		296,440
_		_	2,230
	357,159		298,670
_	22,376		11,969
\$	2,659,903	\$	2,712,141
\$	57,098	\$	20,774
	13,624		17,454
	31,005		2,732 278,496
	101,727	_	319,456
	22,376 1,298,340 4,878		11,969 1,294,419 25,607
	1,778		- 26,243
	41,527 1,189,277		75,666 958,781
	2,558,176	_	2,392,685
\$	2,659,903	\$	2,712,141

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

(With Comparative Totals for 2009)

	Sewer Fund	Section 8 Housing Fund	Special Purpose Fund
Revenues: Departmental income Use of money and property Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 1,122,649 2,631 1,779 2,022	\$ 362 3,084,222 16,239	\$ - 5,379 - 147,500
Total Revenues	1,129,081	3,100,823	152,879
Expenditures - Current:			
General government support Culture and recreation	96,660	:	- 499
Home and community services	636,461	3,187,724	-
Employee benefits	237,964		1,111
Total Expenditures	971,085	3,187,724	1,610
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	157,996	(86,901)	151,269
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	183,302 (176,866)	84,039	(147,348)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,436	84,039	(147,348)
Net Change in Fund Balances	164,432	(2,862)	3,921
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	884,963	213,303	1,294,419
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,049,395	\$ 210,441	\$ 1,298,340

	То	tals	
_	2010		2009
\$	1,122,649 8,372 3,086,001 165,761	\$	953,644 19,417 2,733,132 31,014
0	4,382,783	×	3,737,207
_	96,660 499 3,824,185 239,075 4,160,419		128,023 - 3,651,057 206,090 3,985,170
_	222,364		(247,963)
	267,341 (324,214)		56,890 (275,859)
_	(56,873)	_	(218,969)
	165,491		(466,932)
-	2,392,685		2,859,617
\$	2,558,176	\$	2,392,685



SEWER FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

3		2010		2009
<u>ASSETS</u>		,		
Cash - Demand deposits	<u>\$</u>	762,742	\$	636,320
Other Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments	-	321,644 2,309	N.	256,940 2,230
		323,953		259,170
Prepaid Expenditures		15,625		9,231
Total Assets	\$	1,102,320	\$	904,721
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	52,925 	\$	17,026 2,732
Total Liabilities		52,925		19,758
Fund Balance: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved: Designated for insurance Designated for contractual obligations Undesignated		15,625 4,878 1,778 - 1,027,114		9,231 25,607 26,243 823,882
Total Fund Balance		1,049,395		884,963
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,102,320	\$	904,721

SEWER FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:	•		•					
Departmental income Use of money and property Federal aid	\$	1,143,961 4,000	\$	1,143,961 4,000	\$	1,122,649 2,631 1,779	\$	(21,312) (1,369) 1,779
Miscellaneous		1,500	_	1,500	,	2,022		522
Total Revenues		1,149,461	_	1,149,461	,	1,129,081		(20,380)
Expenditures - Current:								
General government support		155,308		153,782		96,660		57,122
Home and community services		765,749		785,096		636,461		148,635
Employee benefits		260,446	_	265,704	_	237,964		27,740
Total Expenditures	_	1,181,503		1,204,582	_	971,085		233,497
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	_	(32,042)		(55,121)		157,996	9	213,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		183,303		183,303		183,302		(1)
Transfers out	_	(176,868)		(176,868)		(176,866)	00	2
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	:	6,435	30	6,435		6,436	λ	1_
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,607)		(48,686)		164,432		213,118
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	25,607		48,686		884,963	y 	836,277
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$		\$		\$	1,049,395	\$	1,049,395

			20	09			
	Original Budget	,	Final Budget	_	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	1,135,055 15,000	\$	1,157,355 15,000	\$	953,644 5,867	\$	(203,711) (9,133)
	1,500		1,500	ş	1,479		(21)
e 	1,151,555	8.	1,173,855	Q=	960,990		(212,865)
	205,426 768,779		224,752 771,753		128,023 574,878		96,729 196,875
_	243,002	_	243,002	1	204,209		38,793
	1,217,207	8	1,239,507		907,110	-	332,397
(-	(65,652)	·-	(65,652)	_	53,880		119,532
	(177,228)	7	(177,228)	_	(177,228)		<u>.</u>
_	(177,228)		(177,228)		(177,228)		
	(242,880)		(242,880)		(123,348)		119,532
_	242,880		242,880		1,008,311		765,431
\$	- ^	\$		\$	884,963	\$	884,963

VILLAGE OF OSSINING, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009) SEWER FUND

							Varie Fina	Variance with Final Budget			
	Öæ	Original Budget	_ ~	Final		Actual	مَ کَ	Positive (Negative)		2009 Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT											
Auditor	69	7,500	()	7,500	G	7,499	↔	~	↔	8,300	
Engineer	-	20,000		29,460		9,460		20,000		40,140	
Safety director		22,174		12,000		1,673		10,327		30 €2	
Communication systems		ij		ž		1				213	
Data processing		9,710		10,424		7,267		3,157		8,335	
Unallocated insurance		31,605		31,605		28,590		3,015		30,295	
Town taxes and assessments		42,000		42,000		40,219		1,781		39,221	
Metropolitan commuter transportation		200		1000		1 052		133		1 510	
mobility tax		2,518		7,500		766,I		10 400		<u>.</u>	
Contingency		20,000		18,408		111		10,400			
		155,308	,	153,782		96,660		57,122		128,023	
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES											
Sewer administration		457,039		485,383		471,697		13,686		475,554	
Sewer system		258,410		244,171		126,353		117,818		63,418	
Sewage pumping		50,300		55,542		38,411		17,131		35,906	
		765.749		785.096		636.461		148.635		574,878	
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS											
State retirement		69,321		71,506		58,432		13,074		37,945	
Social security		52,162		53,643		41,715		11,928		39,076	
Workers' compensation benefits		44,894		44,894		44,263		631		46,121	
Hospital, medical and dental benefits		94,069		95,661		93,554		2,107		81,067	
		260,446		265,704		237,964		27,740		204,209	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,181,503	-	1,204,582		971,085		233,497		907,110	

OTHER FINANCING USES

	SES	OTHER
Transfers out: General Fund Debt Service Fund	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES

150,000	177,228	1,084,338
ļ	ļ	↔
7 2	2	233,499
	Į,	€
150,000	176,866	1,147,951
		↔
150,000 26,868	176,868	1,381,450
3	l	s
150,000 26,868	176,868	1,358,371
		69



SECTION 8 HOUSING FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		2010		2009
<u>ASSETS</u>		,		
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	219,206	\$	470,763
Other Receivables: Accounts State and Federal aid		31,005 2,201	÷	39,500
		33,206		39,500
Prepaid Expenditures		6,751		2,738
Total Assets	\$	259,163	<u>\$</u>	513,001
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues - Other	\$	4,093 13,624 31,005	\$	3,748 17,454 278,496
Total Liabilities		48,722	_	299,698
Fund Balance: Reserved for prepaid expenditures Unreserved:		6,751		2,738
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated	30	41,527 162,163	10-	75,666 134,899
Total Fund Balance	-	210,441		213,303
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	259,163	\$	513,001

SECTION 8 HOUSING FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues: Use of money and property Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 700 2,676,720 13,800	\$ 700 3,017,721 13,800	\$ 362 3,084,222 16,239	\$ (338) 66,501 2,439				
Total Revenues	2,691,220	3,032,221	3,100,823	68,602				
Expenditures - Current - Home and community services	2,850,925	3,191,926	3,187,724	4,202				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(159,705)	(159,705)	(86,901)	72,804				
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in	84,039	84,039	84,039	9				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(75,666)	(75,666)	(2,862)	72,804				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	75,666	75,666	213,303	137,637				
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 210,441	\$ 210,441				

			2009			
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fin I	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	4,000 2,778,753 1,000	\$ 3,99 2,778,75 1,00	3	653 2,733,132 6,539	\$	(3,346) (45,621) 5,539
	2,783,753	2,783,75	2	2,740,324		(43,428)
-	2,867,792	3,076,17	9	3,076,179	-	-
	(84,039)	(292,42	7)	(335,855)		(43,428)
	84,039	84,03	9	56,890		(27,149)
	-	(208,38	8)	(278,965)		(70,577)
_	4	208,38	8	492,268		283,880
\$	*	\$	- \$	213,303	\$	213,303

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		2010		2009
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	1,298,420	\$	1,294,419
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	80	\$	-
Fund Balance - Reserved for trusts	_	1,298,340	-	1,294,419
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,298,420	\$	1,294,419

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED	DECEMBER 31	, 2010 AND 2009

		2010		2009	
Revenues: Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	5,379 147,500	\$	12,897 22,996	
Total Revenues		152,879	_	35,893	
Expenditures - Current: Culture and recreation Employee benefits	:	499 1,111	-	- 1,881	
Total Expenditures	·	1,610		1,881	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		151,269		34,012	
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	_	(147,348)	_	(98,631)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,921		(64,619)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1	1,294,419		1,359,038	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,298,340	\$	1,294,419	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

	Workers' General		Totals			
	Compensation Benefits	Liability Claims	2010	2009		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash - Demand deposits	\$ 735,302	\$ 927,505	\$ 1,662,807	\$ 1,363,752		
Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds		=		141,623 54,650		
				196,273		
Total Assets	735,302	927,505	1,662,807	1,560,025		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	76,388	-	76,388	18,886		
Current portion of claims payable	35,000	64,000	99,000	109,300		
Total Current Liabilities	111,388	64,000	175,388	128,186		
Claims Payable, less current portion	311,850	580,150	892,000	983,700		
Total Liabilities	423,238	644,150	1,067,388	1,111,886		
NET ASSETS						
Unrestricted	\$ 312,064	\$ 283,355	\$ 595,419	\$ 448,139		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES
IN NET ASSETS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010
(With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

	Workers' Compensation Benefits			tals 2009
Operating Revenues:				
Departmental charges	\$ 1,099,403	\$ 637,232	\$ 1,736,635	\$ 1,732,296
Insurance recoveries	72,845	2	72,845	237,956
modiano rosoronos				
Total Operating Revenues	1,172,248	637,232	1,809,480	1,970,252
Operating Expenses:				
Insurance	384,399	585,830	970,229	997,448
Contractual	174,497	5,126	179,623	187,910
Employee benefits	540,508	2	540,508	474,456
Judgments and claims	•	(20,024)	(20,024)	(129,868)
_	\ 			\
Total Operating Expenses	1,099,404	570,932	1,670,336	1,529,946_
Income from Operations	72,844	66,300	139,144	440,306
Non Operating Devenues				
Non-Operating Revenues - Interest income	1,264	6,872	8,136	7,833
Change in Net Assets	74,108	73,172	147,280	448,139
-	,			
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	237,956	210,183	448,139	-
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 312,064	\$ 283,355	\$ 595,419	\$ 448,139

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 (With Comparative Actuals for 2009)

	Workers' Compensation Benefits			General Liability Claims
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and insurance recoveries Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$	1,368,521	\$	637,232 (637,232)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		290,919		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest income	•	1,264		6,872
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		292,183		6,872
Cash - Beginning of Year	_	443,119		920,633
Cash - End of Year	\$	735,302	\$	927,505
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Income from operations	\$	72,844	\$	66,300
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		141,623		
Due from other funds Account payable		54,650 57,502		
Due to other funds				
Claims payable		(35,700)	_	(66,300)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	290,919	\$	2=1

Totals									
-	2010	_	2009						
\$	2,005,753	\$	1,823,824						
_	(1,714,834)	_	(1,881,898)						
ĵ .	290,919		(58,074)						
	8,136		7,833						
	299,055		(50,241)						
-	1,363,752	3	1,413,993						
\$	1,662,807	\$	1,363,752						
\$	139,144	\$	440,306						
)=	141,623 54,650 57,502 - (102,000)		(138,743) (7,685) (37,079) (103,873) (211,000)						
\$	290,919	\$	(58,074)						

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		2010		2009
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	735,302	\$	443,119
Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds		:•:		141,623 54,650
		9		196,273
Total Assets	_	735,302		639,392
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Current portion of claims payable	E-	76,388 35,000	· (-	18,886 38,255
Total Current Liabilities		111,388		57,141
Claims Payable, less current portion	:	311,850	-	344,295
Total Liabilities	7	423,238	-	401,436
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted	\$	312,064	\$	237,956

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		2010	 2009
Operating Revenues: Departmental charges Insurance recoveries	\$	1,099,403 72,845	\$ 984,629 237,956
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,172,248	1,222,585
Operating Expenses: Insurance Contractual Employee benefits	_	384,399 174,497 540,508	 400,950 109,223 474,456
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,099,404	984,629
Income from Operations		72,844	237,956
Non-Operating Revenues - Interest income		1,264	
Change in Net Assets		74,108	237,956
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		237,956	 <u></u>
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	312,064	\$ 237,956

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010		2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and insurance recoveries Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$ 1,368,521 (1,077,602)	\$	1,076,157 (1,030,358)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 290,919		45,799
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest income	 1,264	_	/#:
Net Increase in Cash	292,183		45,799
Cash - Beginning of Year	 443,119	_	397,320
Cash - End of Year	\$ 735,302	\$	443,119
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities -	\$ 72,844	\$	237,956
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Due from other funds Accounts payable Claims payable	141,623 54,650 57,502 (35,700)		(138,743) (7,685) (37,079) (8,650)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 290,919	\$	45,799

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - GENERAL LIABILITY CLAIMS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS		2010	2009		
AGGLIG					
Cash - Demand deposits	\$	927,505	\$	920,633	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities - Current portion of claims payable		64,000		71,045	
Claims Payable, less current portion	_	580,150	_	639,405	
Total Liabilities		644,150	_	710,450	
NET ASSETS					
Unrestricted	\$	283,355	\$	210,183	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - GENERAL LIABILITY CLAIMS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010		2009	
Operating Revenues - Departmental charges	\$	637,232	\$	747,667
Operating Expenses: Insurance Contractual Judgments and claims		585,830 5,126 (20,024)	*	596,498 78,687 (129,868)
Total Operating Expenses	8	570,932		545,317
Income from Operations		66,300		202,350
Non-Operating Revenues - Interest income	D)	6,872		7,833
Change in Net Assets		73,172		210,183
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	/s	210,183		
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	283,355	\$	210,183

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - GENERAL LIABILITY CLAIMS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	_	2010	à	2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges for services and insurance recoveries Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$	637,232 (637,232)	\$ 	747,667 (851,540)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		<u> </u>	-	(103,873)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest income		6,872	Q.	7,833
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		6,872		(96,040)
Cash - Beginning of Year		920,633		1,016,673
Cash - End of Year	\$	927,505	\$	920,633
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash used in operating activities -	\$	66,300	\$	202,350
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Due to other funds Claims payable	-	(66,300)		(103,873) (202,350)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$		\$	(103,873)



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Ossining, New York:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ossining, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Ossining, New York's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Ossining, New York's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Ossining, New York's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Ossining, New York's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the Village of Ossining, New York in a separate letter.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins, LLP

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

May 16, 2011

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Ossining, New York:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Village of Ossining, New York with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Village of Ossining, New York's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Village of Ossining, New York's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village of Ossining, New York's, compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village of Ossining, New York's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Village of Ossining, New York's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Village of Ossining, New York complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Village of Ossining, New York is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Ossining, New York's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Ossining, New York's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program of the Village of Ossining New York's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Village of Ossining, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010 and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2011. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Trustees, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins, LLP

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

May 16, 2011

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number (1)	Federal Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Direct Program -		
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	\$ 3,120,496
Indirect Program - Passed Through County of Westchester -		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	540
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		3,121,036
U.S. Department of Justice		
Direct Program -		
COPS Technology Program - ARRA	16.710	45,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Direct Programs:		
FEMA - Disaster Grants- Public Assistance	97.036	25,603
Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	65,752
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		91,355
U.S. Department of Health		
Direct Program -		
Early Retirement Reinsurance Program - ARRA	93.525	71,141
U.S. Department of Energy		
Indirect Program - Passed through New York State Energy Research and Development Authority		
State Energy Program - ARRA	81.041	30,000
Total Federal Assistance		\$ 3,358,532

⁽¹⁾ Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents all activity of all Federal awards programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. Federal awards received directly from Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the Schedule.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

3. Relationship to Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

None

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness. 	ed that are
Noncompliance material to financial state noted?	ements YesX_No
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
 Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness. 	
Type of auditor's report issued on complifor major programs:	ance Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance wi Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	th YesX_No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) Nar	ne of Federal Program or Cluster
14.871 - Section 8 Housing Choice Vouch	ers
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X_YesNo

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Concluded) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None